

REGIONAL NEWSLETTER | 2021 - N° 1

COVERAGE TERM: JANUARY 1ST - FEBRUARY 28TH 2021 DATE: 16/03/2021

PERU

Encuesta en más de 200 hogares de Lima Metropolitana: los ingresos económicos familiares se han reducido en promedio en un 33%.

CENTRAL AMERICA

De acuerdo a las predicciones del sistema de información sobre seguridad alimentaria en Centroamérica impulsado por Acción contra el Hambre, **2.9 millones** de personas están en una situación de muy alta de vulnerabilidad alimentaria en 81 municipios de Guatemala, Nicaragua y Honduras.



1. HUMANITARIAN CONTEXT

CENTRAL AMERICA

Intense climate-related disasters have been on the rise worldwide. In Central America, the 2020 season passed an unprecedented milestone to become the most active hurricane season in recorded history, leaving more than 7 million of affected people behind after (OCHA, 2020).

The damage from hurricanes ETA & IOTA was especially noticeable in Nicaragua, Guatemala and Honduras. In response to requests for international aid issued by the governments of the three countries, international organizations and NGOs such as Action Against Hunger have launched humanitarian response actions to provide temporary shelter, food assistance, clean water and adequate sanitation conditions.

As the floodwaters receded, Action Against Hunger and other humanitarian community institutions have accompanied the families in their return to their places of residence and homes, many of them devastated. Throughout the month of February, work has begun to rebuild damaged infrastructure, including water supply systems, while providing temporary support to the most vulnerable households through economic transfers that allow them to meet basic food needs.

THE SOCIOECONOMIC IMPACT OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC, WHICH HAS INCREASED MIGRATORY INTENT, ESPECIALLY AMONG YOUNG PEOPLE FROM AFFECTED AREAS SUCH AS THE SULA VALLEY IN HONDURAS. IS ADDED TO THE DESTRUCTION CAUSED BY THE HURRICANES.

At the end of January, the international media reported on the clashes between Honduran migrants who were part of a caravan heading to the United States, and Guatemalan police forces that impeded their advance. Although caravans are no longer visible, it is not the attempt of thousands of Central Americans who each week begin their migratory journey to the North, exposing them to multiple risks and abuses. Protecting the migrant community remains a top priority for humanitarian actors.



COLOMBIA

According to estimates by Migración Colombia, there are currently 1,729,537 Venezuelans in the country, of which 762.823 are in a regular situation, and 966,714 are irregular (Migración Colombia, December 2020). The 51% of migrants from Venezuela are men, 49% are women: 23.4% are under 5 years old, 74% are between 18 and 59 years old, and 2.7% are 60 or over.

Although as of December 2020 only 44% of the Venezuelan migrant population in Colombia was considered to be in a regular situation, the announcement made by the Government of Colombia in February 2021 of the creation of a "Temporary Protection Statute for Venezuelan Migrants", which has the potential to lift legal barriers to 56% of irregular migrants already in the country, as well as new arrivals, they can be integrated to the productive "life of the country" (Migración Colombia, February 2021. Press Release: In an unprecedented event, Colombia seeks to shake hands with more than two million Venezuelans). However, this important step needs to be accompanied by policies and programmes



that promote the inclusion of migrants and support for host territories.

IN ADDITION, THE HUMANITARIAN SCENARIO LINKED TO VIOLENCE AND CONFLICT IN THE COUNTRY HAS WORSENED COMPARED TO THE PREVIOUS YEAR, SO FAR IN 2021, THERE HAVE BEEN 16 MASSACRES IN RURAL AREAS IN 14 MUNICIPALITIES WITH A BALANCE OF 611 FATALITIES.



It follows from the confluence of multiple factors that make the security situation in the country critical.

- First, there is an increase in illegal economies derived from the indiscriminate exploitation of natural resources (wood, gold, etc.)
- Second, there are areas in which multiple armed actors are presently called GAO (Organized Armed Groups), who dispute the control of the territory and the management of economies of illicit use and transport routes, thereby generating humanitarian effects on the civilian population (displacements, confinements, selective murders). Thus, generating humanitarian effects on the civil population in their wake, such as displacements, confinements, and selective assassinations.

PERU

There is a situation of uncertainty before April 11 general elections, and changes that may occur in relation to, for example, public budgets, which prioritized, among others, actions aimed at public health and health care within the framework of the containment of COVID-19, and actions aimed at alleviating poverty within the framework of the State of National Emergency.

During this electoral period, numerous candidates are issuing xenophobic attacks against the Venezuelan population, making promises of massive expulsion. This generates a potential risk for the protection situation of this population, and a potential setback in all the advances made by international cooperation and the Refugees and Migrants Working Group.

In addition, various press media have replicated false information about the vaccines used in the Peruvian vaccination campaign against COVID-19, which is generating fear among the population, especially older adults, among whom the rejection of being vaccinated is growing. This could slow the advance of vaccination in the country, which has all its regions at high, very high or extreme alert levels. In addition to the COVID-19 emergency, Peru faces a state of emergency in 03 regions due to floods and earth movements.





2. STUDIES / SURVEYS



STUDY SAMPLE

DATE: JANUARY 2021





FOOD SECURITY INFORMATION SYSTEM IN CENTRAL AMERICA



MILLION PEOPLE are in a situation of **very high** food vulnerability



1.2 OUT OF 10 **HOUSEHOLDS** have adequate food security, in the Central American Dry Corridor.

From the households surveyed:

have mild food 65% insecurity

20% insecurity

2% nave sc. insecurity have severe food THE PURCHASE OF FOOD TAKES THE of the economic income, which leaves these rural families with very little margin for other, types of expenses such as the acquisition of hygiene products, water, electricity or services as important as medical care or education.



Some Central American governments have made an important effort to mitigate the socioeconomic impact of the pandemic with different types of aid.

45% of

households in FI Salvador

34%

households in Guatemala said they had received some type of assistance.

households in Honduras

BE FOUND HERE 💃

THE FULL REPORT CAN



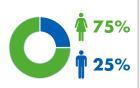
STUDY SAMPLE

DATE: APRIL - SEPTEMBER 2020





Characteristics identified in the households which an eligibility survey was applied to evaluate their possible participation in the ADN Dignidad program, according to their level of vulnerability. ADN Dignidad provides humanitarian assistance through Multi-Purpose Cash Assitance (MPCA) so that vulnerable migrant, returnee and host households have access to basic goods and



From the households surveyed:

74.75% were Venezuelans

were Colombian host 22.25% were Colombian need community members

3% had double nationality



In the context of a pandemic, the migrant population is especially vulnerable.

Almost 90% of the respondents were below the Colombian poverty line

The COVID-19 situation has led to increased unsatisfied needs for the families below the poverty line, who must make their living in the informal sector.

stable sources

of income

didn't have a had an

irregular daily

work

was engaged in street sales

of households declared that they lived in overcrowded shelters, with more than 2.5 people per room.



13.3% indicated that the situation was critical, with 5 people living per room.



8 OUT OF 10

of the critically overcrowded households were headed by

The ADN Dignidad Program undertakes other surveys, such as the baseline, which is applied to a representative sample of the beneficiary population

Only 2% of the surveyed households claimed to be able to cover all their basic needs, 81.5% declared to be able to satisfy some, 13% the majority and 3.5% none.

Among the priorities identified by the households, 35% prioritized food, 30% shelter, 22% other priorities, and 13% hygiene items.

ASK FOR MORE INFORMATION: astamatiadi@co.acfsnain.org









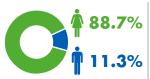
STUDY SAMPLE

DATE: SEPTEMBER - DECEMBER 2020



33 DISTRICTS of Lima Metropolitana

ASSESSMENT OF THE FOOD SECURITY SITUATION AND THE ECONOMIC INCOME OF FAMILIES IN METROPOLITAN LIMA



The 3 MAIN NEEDS IDENTIFIED by the families are:

SUPPORT

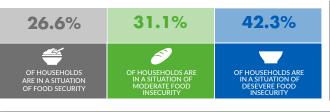


ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE AND MEDICINES



73.4% OF HOUSEHOLDS

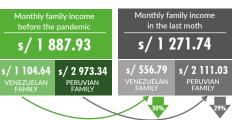
are in a situation of food insecurity.





The consumption of foods rich in iron has been deficient, which would mean an increase in the prevalence of iron deficiency and anemia.

The negative impact of the pandemic on economic income was greater in Venezuelan families than in Peruvian families.



THE FULL REPORT CAN BE FOUND HERE





3. INNOVATION

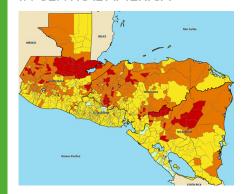
CENTRAL AMERICA

In January 2021, Action Against Hunger in alliance with GIS4TECH, a spin-off company of the University of Granada (Spain), presented the result of an initiative supported by ECHO. This system does a monthly prediction of the food security situation of 1053 municipalities distributed between Guatemala, Honduras, El Salvador and Nicaragua. Predictions are carried out using software and artificial intelligence algorithms that combine information from public organizations, household surveys carried out on a representative sample of rural communities in the Dry Corridor, and monthly agroclimatic analysis provided by satellite images. Results are periodically updated on an open-use web platform:

https://bi.gis4tech.com/ECHO-BETA

This system helps to identify those territories where there is a greater deterioration of food security, and therefore, facilitates the prioritization and targeting of resources from the humanitarian community.

PREDICTIONS MAP IN CENTRAL AMERICA



DICEMBER 2020

COLOMBIA

Regarding the implemented measures throughout the national territory, in order to reduce the spread of COVID-19, our teams adopted innovative methodologies linked to the digitization of processes to ensure care for the most vulnerable people. In the case of the department of Santander, for the implementation of a project focused on livelihoods with migrant population and host communities, a whole structure based on digital platforms and tools was developed to ensure its proper development.

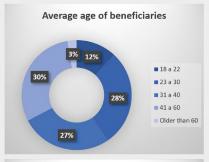
For the initial phases of characterization and selection of production initiatives, virtual forms and dynamic dashboards were developed to speed up the analysis and processing of the information provided. This process made it possible to have reliable and updated information for decision-making regarding prioritization, progress and results obtained. Once the initiatives that would participate in the training workshops with the CANVAS methodology had been selected. A series of training videos were produced which were disseminated through the WhatsApp platform, in which a group was created with the participants. Reminders were sent periodically to review and internalize the contents. This strategy was complemented by questionnaires on the KOBO platform through the level of understanding of the proposed topics was evaluated.

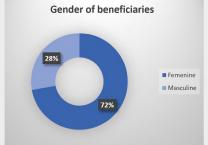
The initiatives that were successfully approved with the courses were able to access to the delivery of seed capital to strengthen their productive initiatives. This process was accompanied by technical advice from the professionals of the organization and the creation of an intermediation network with companies and the signing of private agreements to promote employment and entrepreneurship. Through these strategies, the execution of the project was ensured, preserving the health of our beneficiaries and staff.

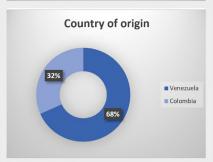
DASHBOARD Colombia











DASHBOARD from the digital platform developed in Santander, Colombia.



4. REGIONAL RESPONSE

WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE

3 847 People trained on WASH

Sanitation facilities rehabilitated/constructed

42 Water filters, eco-filters and tanks delivered

Hygiene items and Kits delivered 2 201

People reached by water points rehabilitated/constructed 22 881

Handwashing facilities built / rehabilitated 7

50 911

PFOPI F **REACHED**

FOOD SECURITY AND LIVELIHOODS



People trained in food security and livelihoods

8 635 People receiving food aid

> 36 Agricultural supplies delivered

5 611 People assisted with Cash transfers or vouchers 14 393

PFOPI F **REACHED**

59 172

PEOPLE

REACHED

HEALTH AND NUTRITION

808 People benefited with COVID-19 prevention actions

132 People provided with Technical advice on nutrition and health

2 004 Phsycosocial support consultations

3 692 People supported with outpatient consultations

People trained on Child care practices 4 134

People trained on prevention of COVID-19 161

Anemia screenings **527**

3 771 People screened for malnutrition

Health supplies distributed 36

Children treated for deworming 956

Children treated for malnutrition 3 438

People monitored for malnutrition 20

2 828 People sensitized in Sexual and reproductive health

People provided with COVID 19 prevention material 7 438

222 Health workers, promotors and volunteers trained

People assisted in Sexual and reproductive health 5 447

DISASTER AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Shelters strengthened with registrarion procedures

71 **PEOPLE REACHED**











GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE













CENTRAL AMERICA ACTION AREAS AND PEOPLE REACHED BY SECTOR

REACHED

TARGET POPULATION:

PLANNED

115 000

10 000 000 €

64 476



FINANCIAL REQUIREMENT: 6 720 349 €

FOOD SECURITY AND LIVELIHOODS

- 56 People trained in food security and livelihoods
- 800 People received food aid



WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE

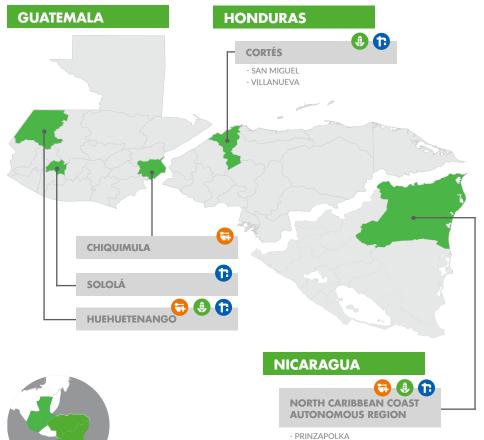
- 5 WASH training workshops
- 8 Sanitation facilities rehabilitated/ constructed
- 22 Water suply filters, eco-filters and tanks delivered
- 1802 Hygiene items and Kits delivered
- 17 869 People reached by water points rehabilitated/constructed
 - 7 Handwashing facilities built / rehabilitated

- KOOM AND WASLA



132 People provided with Technical

- advice on nutrition and health
- 395 People trained on Child care practices
- 111 Malnutrition screening
- 36 Health supplies distributed
- 1 720 Children treated for malnutrition
- 3 516 Malnutrition monitoring sessions
 - 5 COVID-19 prevention supplies delivered
 - 207 Health workers, promotors and volunteers trained





64 476

PEOPLE **REACHED**



ACTIONS IN

5 DEPARTAMENTS



25 PROJECTS UNDERWAY



90

PROFESSIONALS

OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Action Against Hunger has identified that there are great unmet needs related to the nutritional sector in Honduras, and and more efforts should be focused on this sector.



COLOMBIA **ACTION AREAS** AND PEOPLE REACHED BY SECTOR

REACHED PLANNED **TARGET POPULATION:** 290 654 22 190 FINANCIAL REQUIREMENT: 19 403 681 € 33 000 000 €



WATER, SANITATION **AND HYGIENE**

3 213 People trained on WASH

NARIÑO

- 20 Water filters, eco-filters and tanks delivered
- 234 Hygiene items and Kits delivered
- **726** People reached by water points rehabilitated/constructed



FOOD SECURITY AND LIVELIHOODS

- **29** People trained in food security and livelihoods
- 263 Food aid delivered
- 36 Agricultural supplies delivered
- **5 598** People receiving Cash transfers or vouchers

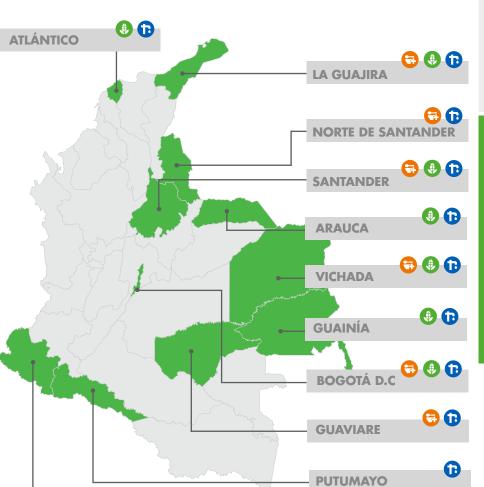


708 People benefited with COVID-19

- 170 Phsycosocial support consultations
- 2 599 People trained on Child care practices

prevention actions

- 2 663 Malnutrition screenings
- 1 590 Children treated for malnutrition
 - **6** People monitored for malnutrition
- 2 044 People sensitized in Sexual and reproductive health
 - 48 Sexual and reproductive health sessions
- 1 363 People provided with COVID-19 prevention material







PERU ACTION AREAS AND PEOPLE REACHED BY SECTOR

REACHED **TARGET POPULATION:** 2 271

PLANNED

150 000

FINANCIAL REQUIREMENT: 423 360 €

6 200 000 €



WATER, SANITATION **AND HYGIENE**

- 615 People trained on WASH
- 165 Hygiene items and Kits delivered
 - 3 Water points rehabilitated/ constructed

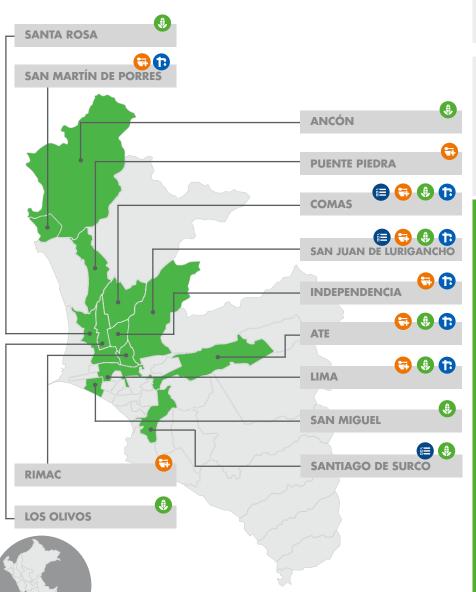


FOOD SECURITY AND LIVELIHOODS

- **26** People trained in food security and livelihoods
- 15.3 Tons of food delivered
 - 13 People receiving Cash transfers or vouchers



- 100 People benefited with COVID-19 prevention actions
- **1834** Phsycosocial support consultations
 - 310 People trained on Child care practices
- 161 People trained on COVID-19 prevention practices
- 694 People sensitized in Sexual and reproductive health



METROPOLITAN LIMA



5 Shelters strengthened with registrarion procedures



2 271

PEOPLE REACHED



ACTIONS IN 13 DISTRICTS



13 PROJECTS UNDERWAY



40

PROFESSIONALS

OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

There is an **urgent need to improve** WASH and biosecurity situation of community kitchens and "ollas communes" that are attending to the food needs of more and more families in Peru, not always with adequate hygiene and quality due to lack of access to water, hygiene and disinfection products, or PPE.





La Guajira, Colombia

Metropolitan Lima, Peru

MAIN DONORS

















































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